Case 18-81524 Doc 1 Filed 07/19/18 Entered 07/19/18 22:02:02 Desc Main

Fill in this information to identify your case:	
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:	
Northern District of Illinois	
Case number (If known):	Chapter you are filing under:  Chapter 7
	Chapter 11 Chapter 12
	Chapter 13

### Official Form 101

### Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

12/17

The bankruptcy forms use you and Debtor 1 to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a joint case—and in joint cases, these forms use you to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, "Do you own a car," the answer would be yes if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses Debtor 1 and Debtor 2 to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as Debtor 1 and the other as Debtor 2. The same person must be Debtor 1 in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Pa	rt 1: Identify Yourself		
		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):
1.	Your full name		
	Write the name that is on your government-issued picture	Anthony	
	identification (for example, your driver's license or	First name J.	First name
	passport).	Middle name Dini	Middle name
	Bring your picture identification to your meeting with the trustee.	Last name	Last name
	mar and addice.	Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)
2.	All other names you have used in the last 8 years Include your married or maiden names.		
3.	Only the last 4 digits of your Social Security number or federal Individual Taxpayer Identification number (ITIN)	xxx - xx - <u>8</u> <u>3</u> <u>6</u> <u>6</u> OR <b>9</b> xx - xx	xxx - xx

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		About Debtor 1:		About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):
4. Any business names and Employer Identification Numbers (EIN) you have used in		I have not used any business names or EINs.		I have not used any business names or EINs.
	the last 8 years	Business name	-	Business name
Include trade names and doing business as names		Business name	-	Business name
		EIN	-	EIN
		EIN		EIN
5.	Where you live			If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:
		7077 Garden Prairie Road	_	
		Number Street		Number Street
			-	
		Garden Prairie IL 6103		City Clate 7ID Code
		City State ZIP Cox Boone County	ie	City State ZIP Code
		County	-	County
		If your mailing address is different from the one above, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to you at this mailing address.		If Debtor 2's mailing address is different from yours, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to this mailing address.
		Number Street	-	Number Street
		P.O. Box	-	P.O. Box
		City State ZIP Coo	le	City State ZIP Code
6.	Why you are choosing this district to file for	Check one:		Check one:
	bankruptcy	Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, have lived in this district longer than in any othe district.	r	Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.
		I have another reason. Explain.		I have another reason. Explain.
		(See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)		(See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)
_				

Pa	Tell the Court Ab	out Your	Bankruptcy Case				
7.	The chapter of the Bankruptcy Code you are choosing to file under	for Ba		ription of each, see <i>Not</i> . Also, go to the top of p			342(b) for Individuals Filing iate box.
8.	How you will pay the fee	lor yc su wi Ir Ap Ir By les	cal court for more de purself, you may pay abmitting your payme th a pre-printed addi- need to pay the fee oplication for Individu- equest that my fee y law, a judge may, b ss than 150% of the ay the fee in installme	tails about how you r with cash, cashier's ent on your behalf, you ress.  in installments. If you wals to Pay The Filing be waived (You may but is not required to, official poverty line the	may pay. Tylcheck, or mour attorney of the choose the c	pically, if you a coney order. If y may pay with a his option, sign allments (Offic s option only if fee, and may of your family sou must fill ou	your attorney is a credit card or check and attach the ial Form 103A).  If you are filing for Chapter 7. do so only if your income is ize and you are unable to the Application to Have the
	Have you filed for bankruptcy within the last 8 years?	Dis	strict		When		Case number
10.	affiliate? D	ebtor	28.		_ When	Case	p to you e number, if known to you number, if known
11.	Do you rent your residence?	✓ No □Ye		obtained an eviction judç	gment agains	t you?	
			No. Go to line Yes. Fill out <i>Ini</i>	tial Statement About an	Eviction Judg	gment Against Y	ou (Form 101A) and file it with

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Pa	rt 3: Report About Any B	usinesses You Own as a Sole Proprietor	
12.	Are you a sole proprietor of any full- or part-time business?	✓ No. Go to Part 4.  ☐ Yes. Name and location of business	
	A sole proprietorship is a business you operate as an individual, and is not a separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or LLC.  If you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a separate sheet and attach it	Name of business, if any  Number Street	
	to this petition.	City State ZIP Code	
		Check the appropriate box to describe your business:  Health Care Business (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(27A))  Single Asset Real Estate (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51B))  Stockbroker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(53A))  Commodity Broker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6))  None of the above	
13.	Are you filing under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and are you a small business debtor? For a definition of small business debtor, see 11 U.S.C. § 101(51D).	If you are filing under Chapter 11, the court must know whether you are a small business debtor so that it can set appropriate deadlines. If you indicate that you are a small business debtor, you must attach your most recent balance sheet, statement of operations, cash-flow statement, and federal income tax return or if any of these documents do not exist, follow the procedure in 11 U.S.C. § 1116(1)(B).  No. I am not filing under Chapter 11.  No. I am filing under Chapter 11, but I am NOT a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code.  Yes. I am filing under Chapter 11 and I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code.	
Pa	rt 4: Report if You Own o	or Have Any Hazardous Property or Any Property That Needs Immediate Attention	
14.	Do you own or have any property that poses or is alleged to pose a threat of imminent and identifiable hazard to public health or safety?	✓ No  Yes. What is the hazard?	
	Or do you own any property that needs immediate attention? For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock	If immediate attention is needed, why is it needed?	
	that must be fed, or a building that needs urgent repairs?	Where is the property?	

#### Part 5:

Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling

 Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):		
You must check one:	You must check one:			
✓ I received a briefing from an approved of counseling agency within the 180 days filed this bankruptcy petition, and I receive certificate of completion.	before I counseling agency within the 180 days before			
Attach a copy of the certificate and the par plan, if any, that you developed with the a				
I received a briefing from an approved of counseling agency within the 180 days filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do no certificate of completion.	before I counseling agency within the 180 days before			
Within 14 days after you file this bankrupto you MUST file a copy of the certificate and plan, if any.				
I certify that I asked for credit counselir services from an approved agency, but unable to obtain those services during days after I made my request, and exigo circumstances merit a 30-day temporar of the requirement.	was services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent	/er		
To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explorate what efforts you made to obtain the briefing you were unable to obtain it before you file bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstance required you to file this case.	requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining g, why what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for			
Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receibriefing before you filed for bankruptcy.		dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.		
If the court is satisfied with your reasons, y still receive a briefing within 30 days after You must file a certificate from the approvagency, along with a copy of the payment developed, if any. If you do not do so, you may be dismissed.	you file. still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file You must file a certificate from the approved plan you agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you	9.		
Any extension of the 30-day deadline is gr only for cause and is limited to a maximun days.				
I am not required to receive a briefing a credit counseling because of:	bout I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:			
Incapacity. I have a mental illness o deficiency that makes m incapable of realizing or rational decisions about	deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making	g		
Disability. My physical disability car to be unable to participa briefing in person, by physical to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to participal briefing in person, by physical disability car to be unable to be u	te in a to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or nafter I through the internet, even after	r		
Active duty. I am currently on active duty in a military combat		,		
If you believe you are not required to receing briefing about credit counseling, you must motion for waiver of credit counseling with	file a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a	ourt.		

Pa	rt 6: Answer These Ques	stions for Reporting Purposes			
16.	What kind of debts do you have?	<ul> <li>16a. Are your debts primarily consumer debts? Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."</li> <li>No. Go to line 16b.</li> <li>Yes. Go to line 17.</li> <li>16b. Are your debts primarily business debts? Business debts are debts that you incurred to obtain money for a business or investment or through the operation of the business or investment.</li> </ul>			
		No. Go to line 16c.	mont of amought and operat		o or invocaniona.
		Yes. Go to line 17.  16c. State the type of debts you ow	e that are not consumer de	ebts or business de	bts.
					<del></del>
17.	Are you filing under Chapter 7?	No. I am not filing under Chapter	er 7. Go to line 18.		
	Do you estimate that after any exempt property is excluded and administrative expenses are paid that funds will be available for distribution to unsecured creditors?	Yes. I am filing under Chapter 7 administrative expenses ar  No Yes	. Do you estimate that after e paid that funds will be av	r any exempt prope ailable to distribute	erty is excluded and e to unsecured creditors?
18.	How many creditors do you estimate that you owe?	✓ 1-49 □ 50-99 □ 100-199 □ 200-999	1,000-5,000 5,001-10,000 10,001-25,000		25,001-50,000 50,001-100,000 More than 100,000
19.	How much do you estimate your assets to be worth?	\$0-\$50,000 \$50,001-\$100,000 \$100,001-\$500,000 \$500,001-\$1 million	\$1,000,001-\$10 millio \$10,000,001-\$50 millio \$50,000,001-\$100 millio \$100,000,001-\$500 m	on	\$500,000,001-\$1 billion \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion More than \$50 billion
20.	How much do you estimate your liabilities to be?	\$0-\$50,000 \$50,001-\$100,000 \$100,001-\$500,000 \$500,001-\$1 million	\$1,000,001-\$10 millio \$10,000,001-\$50 millio \$50,000,001-\$100 mill \$100,000,001-\$500 m	on 🔲	\$500,000,001-\$1 billion \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion More than \$50 billion
Pa	rt 7: Sign Below				
Fo	r you	I have examined this petition, and I correct.	declare under penalty of pe	erjury that the infor	mation provided is true and
		If I have chosen to file under Chapte of title 11, United States Code. I und under Chapter 7.			
	If no attorney represents me and I did not pay or agree to pay someone who is not an attorney to help me this document, I have obtained and read the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b).				
		I request relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition.			ecified in this petition.
		I understand making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.			
		/s/ Anthony J. Dini	×	<b>:</b>	
		Signature of Debtor 1		Signature of Debi	tor 2
		Executed on 07/20/2018 MM / DD / YYY	<del>Y</del>	Executed on	/ DD /YYYY

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For your attorney, if you are represented by one

If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page. I, the attorney for the debtor(s) named in this petition, declare that I have informed the debtor(s) about eligibility to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each chapter for which the person is eligible. I also certify that I have delivered to the debtor(s) the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) and, in a case in which § 707(b)(4)(D) applies, certify that I have no knowledge after an inquiry that the information in the schedules filed with the petition is incorrect.

Date	07/20/2018
	MM / DD /YYYY
IL	61107
State	ZIP Code
Email address eric@	ejmlawgroup.com
IL	
State	_
	IL State  Email address eric@

# Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy (Form 2010)

#### This notice is for you if:

- You are an individual filing for bankruptcy, and
- Your debts are primarily consumer debts. Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

### The types of bankruptcy that are available to individuals

Individuals who meet the qualifications may file under one of four different chapters of the Bankruptcy Code:

- Chapter 7 Liquidation
- Chapter 11— Reorganization
- Chapter 12— Voluntary repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen
- Chapter 13— Voluntary repayment plan for individuals with regular income

You should have an attorney review your decision to file for bankruptcy and the choice of chapter.

Chapter 7:	Liquidation
\$245	filing fee
•	administrative fee
+ \$15	trustee surcharge
\$335	total fee

Chapter 7 is for individuals who have financial difficulty preventing them from paying their debts and who are willing to allow their non-exempt property to be used to pay their creditors. The primary purpose of filing under chapter 7 is to have your debts discharged. The bankruptcy discharge relieves you after bankruptcy from having to pay many of your pre-bankruptcy debts. Exceptions exist for particular debts, and liens on property may still be enforced after discharge. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

However, if the court finds that you have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, the court may deny your discharge.

You should know that even if you file chapter 7 and you receive a discharge, some debts are not discharged under the law.

Therefore, you may still be responsible to pay:

- most taxes;
- most student loans;
- domestic support and property settlement obligations;

- most fines, penalties, forfeitures, and criminal restitution obligations; and
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers.

You may also be required to pay debts arising from:

- fraud or theft;
- fraud or defalcation while acting in breach of fiduciary capacity;
- intentional injuries that you inflicted; and
- death or personal injury caused by operating a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.

If your debts are primarily consumer debts, the court can dismiss your chapter 7 case if it finds that you have enough income to repay creditors a certain amount. You must file *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 122A–1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income that applies in your state.

If your income is not above the median for your state, you will not have to complete the other chapter 7 form, the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2).

If your income is above the median for your state, you must file a second form —the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2). The calculations on the form—sometimes called the *Means Test*—deduct from your income living expenses and payments on certain debts to determine any amount available to pay unsecured creditors. If

your income is more than the median income for your state of residence and family size, depending on the results of the *Means Test*, the U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or creditors can file a motion to dismiss your case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. If a motion is filed, the court will decide if your case should be dismissed. To avoid dismissal, you may choose to proceed under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

If you are an individual filing for chapter 7 bankruptcy, the trustee may sell your property to pay your debts, subject to your right to exempt the property or a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property. The property, and the proceeds from property that your bankruptcy trustee sells or liquidates that you are entitled to, is called *exempt property*. Exemptions may enable you to keep your home, a car, clothing, and household items or to receive some of the proceeds if the property is sold.

Exemptions are not automatic. To exempt property, you must list it on *Schedule C: The Property You Claim as Exempt* (Official Form 106C). If you do not list the property, the trustee may sell it and pay all of the proceeds to your creditors.

#### **Chapter 11: Reorganization**

\$1,167 filing fee

+ \$550 administrative fee

\$1,717 total fee

Chapter 11 is often used for reorganizing a business, but is also available to individuals. The provisions of chapter 11 are too complicated to summarize briefly.

#### **Read These Important Warnings**

Because bankruptcy can have serious long-term financial and legal consequences, including loss of your property, you should hire an attorney and carefully consider all of your options before you file. Only an attorney can give you legal advice about what can happen as a result of filing for bankruptcy and what your options are. If you do file for bankruptcy, an attorney can help you fill out the forms properly and protect you, your family, your home, and your possessions.

Although the law allows you to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, you should understand that many people find it difficult to represent themselves successfully. The rules are technical, and a mistake or inaction may harm you. If you file without an attorney, you are still responsible for knowing and following all of the legal requirements.

You should not file for bankruptcy if you are not eligible to file or if you do not intend to file the necessary documents.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned if you commit fraud in your bankruptcy case. Making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

### Chapter 12: Repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

	\$200	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$275	total fee

Similar to chapter 13, chapter 12 permits family farmers and fishermen to repay their debts over a period of time using future earnings and to discharge some debts that are not paid.

# Chapter 13: Repayment plan for individuals with regular income

	\$235	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$310	total foo

Chapter 13 is for individuals who have regular income and would like to pay all or part of their debts in installments over a period of time and to discharge some debts that are not paid. You are eligible for chapter 13 only if your debts are not more than certain dollar amounts set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 109.

Under chapter 13, you must file with the court a plan to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, usually using your future earnings. If the court approves your plan, the court will allow you to repay your debts, as adjusted by the plan, within 3 years or 5 years, depending on your income and other factors.

After you make all the payments under your plan, many of your debts are discharged. The debts that are not discharged and that you may still be responsible to pay include:

- domestic support obligations,
- most student loans,
- certain taxes,
- debts for fraud or theft,
- debts for fraud or defalcation while acting in a fiduciary capacity,
- most criminal fines and restitution obligations,
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers,
- certain debts for acts that caused death or personal injury, and
- certain long-term secured debts.

#### Warning: File Your Forms on Time

Section 521(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that you promptly file detailed information about your creditors, assets, liabilities, income, expenses and general financial condition. The court may dismiss your bankruptcy case if you do not file this information within the deadlines set by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the local rules of the court.

For more information about the documents and their deadlines, go to:

http://www.uscourts.gov/bkforms/bankruptcy\_forms.html#procedure.

### Bankruptcy crimes have serious consequences

- If you knowingly and fraudulently conceal assets or make a false oath or statement under penalty of perjury—either orally or in writing—in connection with a bankruptcy case, you may be fined, imprisoned, or both.
- All information you supply in connection with a bankruptcy case is subject to examination by the Attorney General acting through the Office of the U.S. Trustee, the Office of the U.S. Attorney, and other offices and employees of the U.S. Department of Justice.

## Make sure the court has your mailing address

The bankruptcy court sends notices to the mailing address you list on *Voluntary Petition* for *Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy* (Official Form 101). To ensure that you receive information about your case, Bankruptcy Rule 4002 requires that you notify the court of any changes in your address.

A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*. If you file a joint case and each spouse lists the same mailing address on the bankruptcy petition, the bankruptcy court generally will mail you and your spouse one copy of each notice, unless you file a statement with the court asking that each spouse receive separate copies.

# Understand which services you could receive from credit counseling agencies

The law generally requires that you receive a credit counseling briefing from an approved credit counseling agency. 11 U.S.C. § 109(h). If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must receive the briefing. With limited exceptions, you must receive it within the 180 days **before** you file your bankruptcy petition. This briefing is usually conducted by telephone or on the Internet.

In addition, after filing a bankruptcy case, you generally must complete a financial management instructional course before you can receive a discharge. If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must complete the course.

You can obtain the list of agencies approved to provide both the briefing and the instructional course from:

http://justice.gov/ust/eo/hapcpa/ccde/cc\_approved.html.

In Alabama and North Carolina, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/BankruptcyResources/ApprovedCreditAndDebtCounselors.aspx.

If you do not have access to a computer, the clerk of the bankruptcy court may be able to help you obtain the list.

BMO HARRIS BANK, N.A. 111 WEST MONROE STREET CHICAGO, IL 60603

CNAC 12802 HAMILTON CROSSING BLVD CARMEL, IN 46032

CAPITAL ONE BANK 1680 CAPITAL ONE DRIVE MCLEAN, VA 22102

CELTIC BANK 268 SOUTH STATE STREET, SUITE 300 SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111

CONTINENTAL FINANCE COMPANY P.O. BOX 3220 BUFFALO, NY 14240-3220

CREDIT ONE BANK P.O. BOX 98872 LAS VEGAS, NV 89193-8873

EVEREST BUSINESS FUNDING C/O ALTUS GTS, INC. 2400 VETERANS MEMORIAL BLVD, SUITE 300 KENNER, LA 70062

FIRST PREMIER BANK P.O. BOX 5524 SIOUX FALLS, SD 57117-5524

FIRST SAVINGS BANK 501 EAST LEWIS & CLARK PARKWAY CLARKSVILLE, IN 47129

LENDUP 237 KEARNY ST #197 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94108

MEDICAL PAYMENT DATA C/O AMERICOLLECT P.O. BOX 1566 MANITOWOC, WA 54221 MEDICAL PAYMENT DATA C/O ATG CREDIT 1700 WEST CORTLAND STREET, SUITE 201 CHICAGO, IL 60622

MEDICAL PAYMENT DATA C/O STATE COLLECTION SERVICE 2509 SOUTH STOUGHTON ROAD MADISON, WI 53716

QUALITY MATS, INC. 215 NORTH 4TH STREET ROCKFORD, IL 61107

REINHART FOODSERVICE, LLC C/O TOM GREEN, ESQ. 6833 STALTER DRIVE ROCKFORD, IL 61108

STRATEGIC FUNDING SERVICES C/O COLONIAL FUNDING NETWORK 2500 DISCOVERY BLVD, SUITE 200 ROCKWALL, TX 75032

SYSCO CORPORATION 1390 ENCLAVE PARKWAY HOUSTON, TX 77077

US FOODS C/O FRANKS GERKIN MCKENNA P.O. BOX 5 MARENGO, IL 60152

### United States Bankruptcy Court Northern District of Illinois

In re: Anth	hony J. Dini	Case No.	
	Debtor(s)	Chapter	7
	Verification of Credit	or Matrix	
The above-named Debtor(s) hereby verify that the attached list of creditors true and correct to the best of their knowledge.			

Date: \_\_\_\_07/20/2018

/s/ Anthony J. Dini

Signature of Debtor

Signature of Joint Debtor